



Navigational Sensing for the EduBot

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SUNFEST REU Program
University of Pennsylvania
Summer 2010





Introduction

- Autonomous navigation
- Detecting obstacles is crucial
- LIDAR – Light Detection and Ranging
 - Spinning laser measures distances
- Goal: Create a map

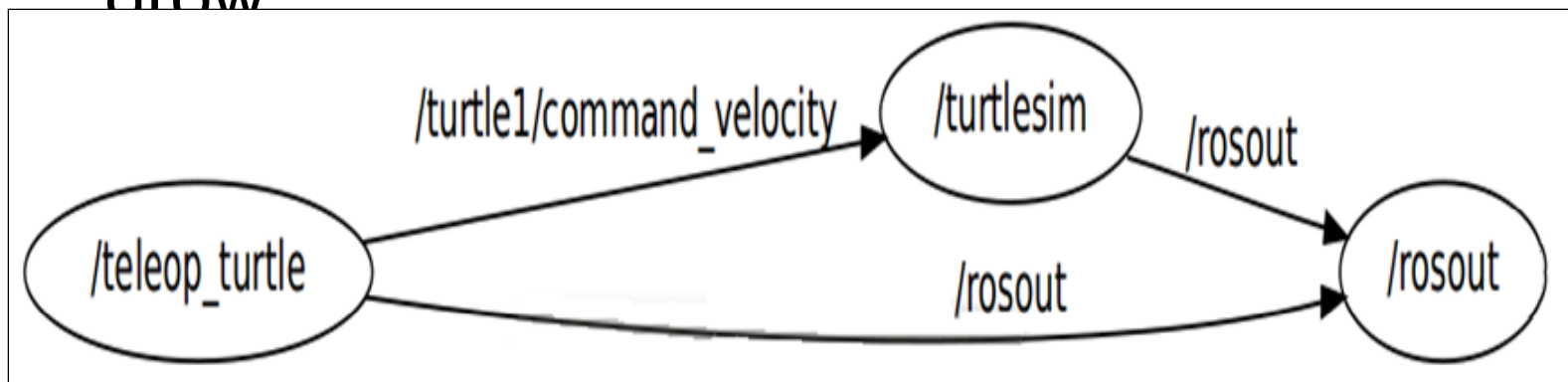
EduBot & RHex

- Family of 6-legged robots
- Designed to move on a variety of terrains



ROS

- Robot Operating System
- Open-Source
- Modular programming
- Easy to expand and grow
- Parts of Speech
 - Nodes
 - Topics
 - Messages





SLAM

- Simultaneous Localization & Mapping
- Determine position while mapping
- Compare successive laser measurements
- Compute the change in position

Requirements for ROS Mapping

- Computer running ROS
 - Laser scanner
-
- Odometry Data
 - ROS uses SLAM and odometry for mapping
 - Cart: Script for manual position updates



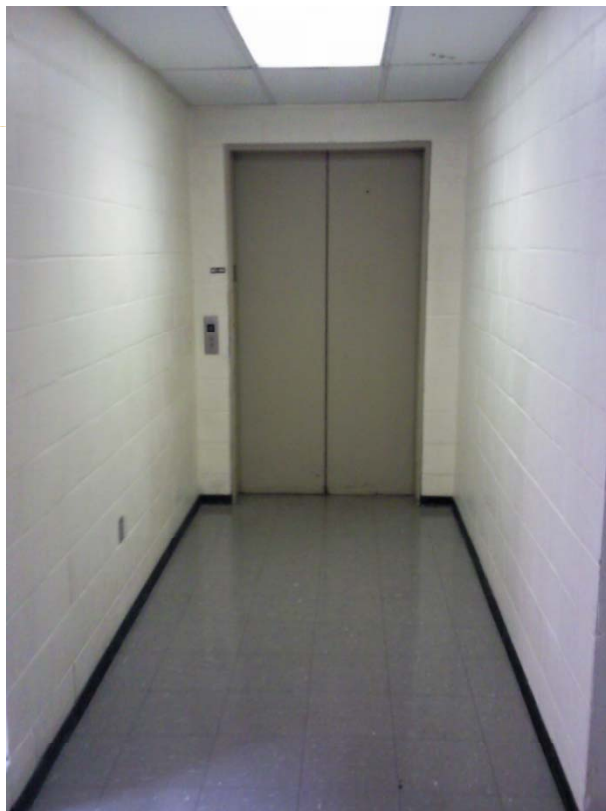


The Mapping Process

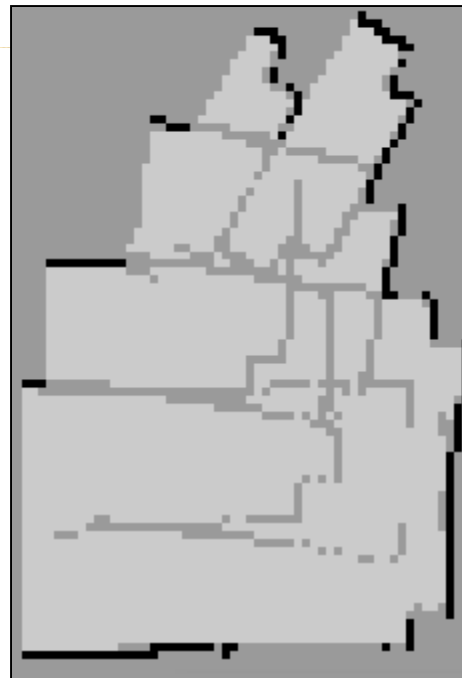
- Begin gathering laser and odometry data
- “Record” this data
- “Play back” this data while running the mapping utility
- Save the map

Maps from the Cart

Actual GRW Elevator Lobby



Attempt 1

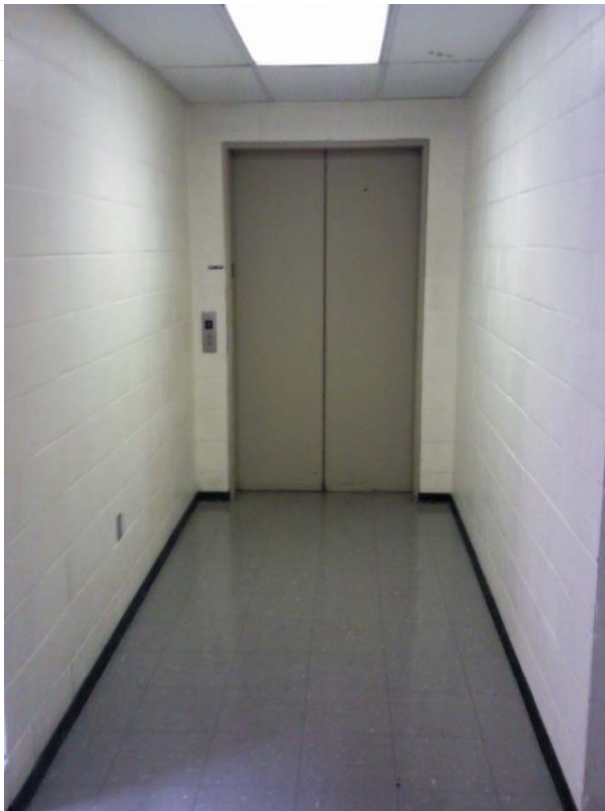


Attempt 2

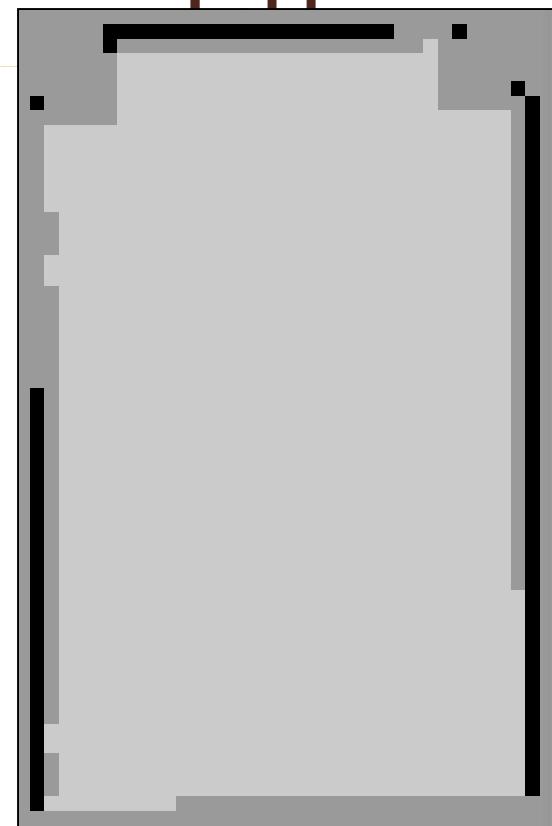


Maps from the Cart

**Actual GRW
Elevator Lobby**



**Mapped GRW
Elevator**

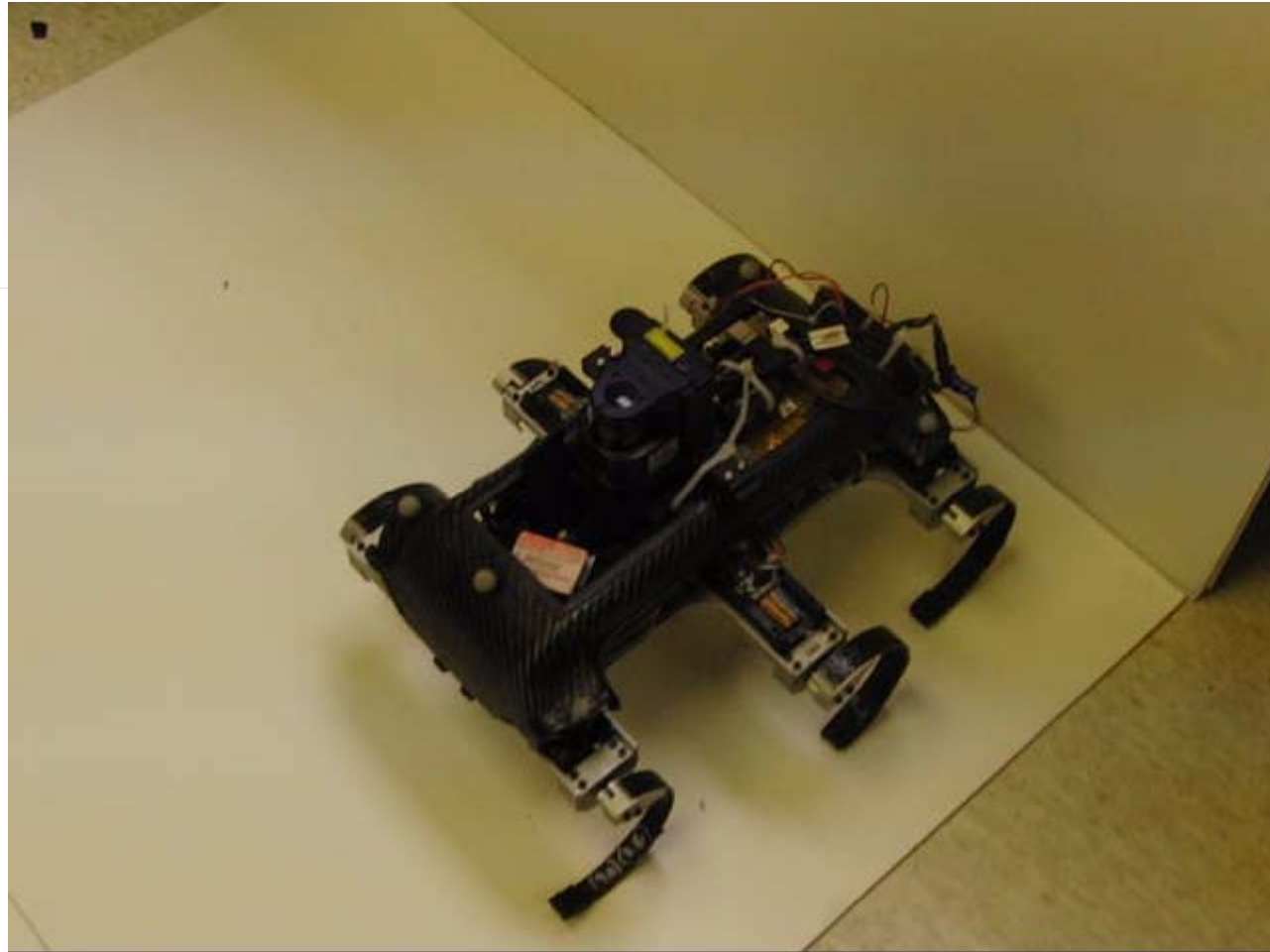


Implementation on the EduBot

- Laser mounted on EduBot
- Laser powered from EduBot battery
- Odometry Program
- Speed = 15 cm/s
- Turn Speed = $\pi/8$ rad/s

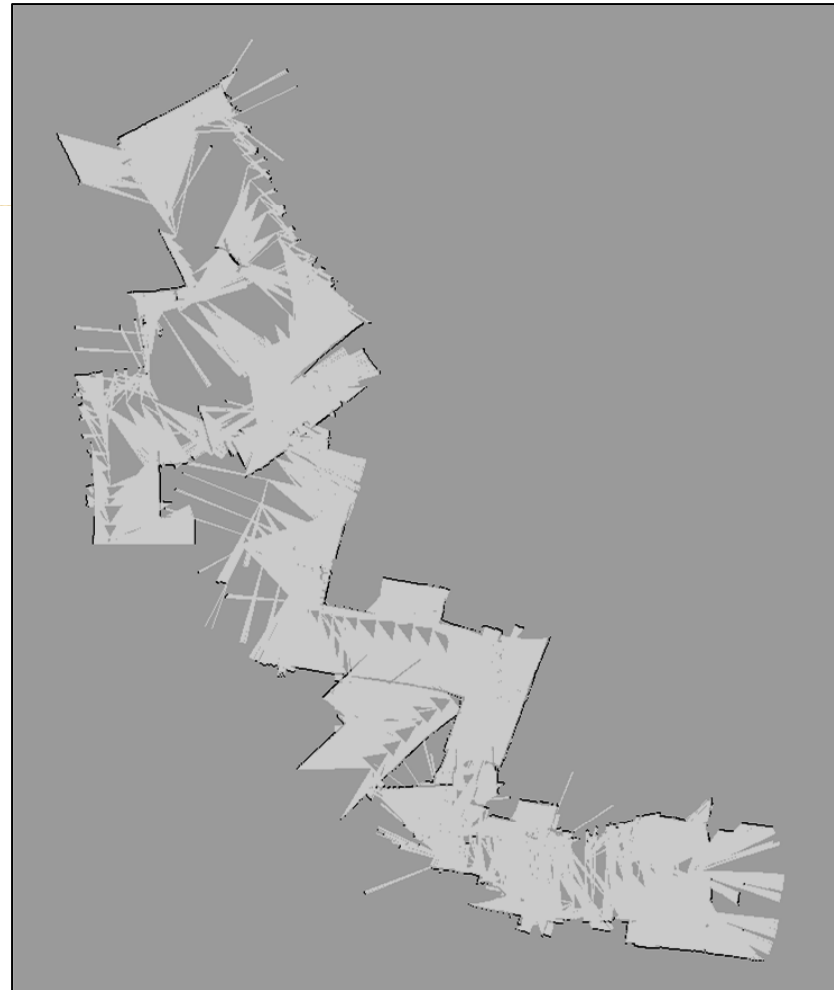


EduBot Mapping



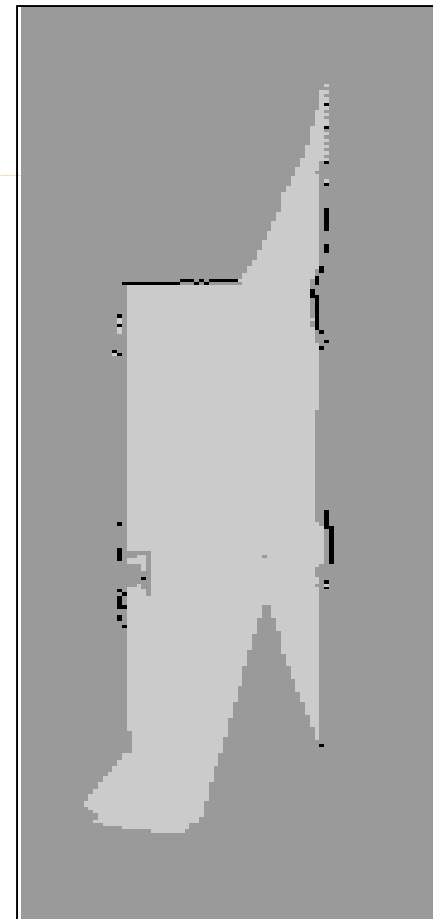
Maps from the Edubot

Levine Lobby



Maps from the EduBot

KodLab/Haptics Lab Hallway

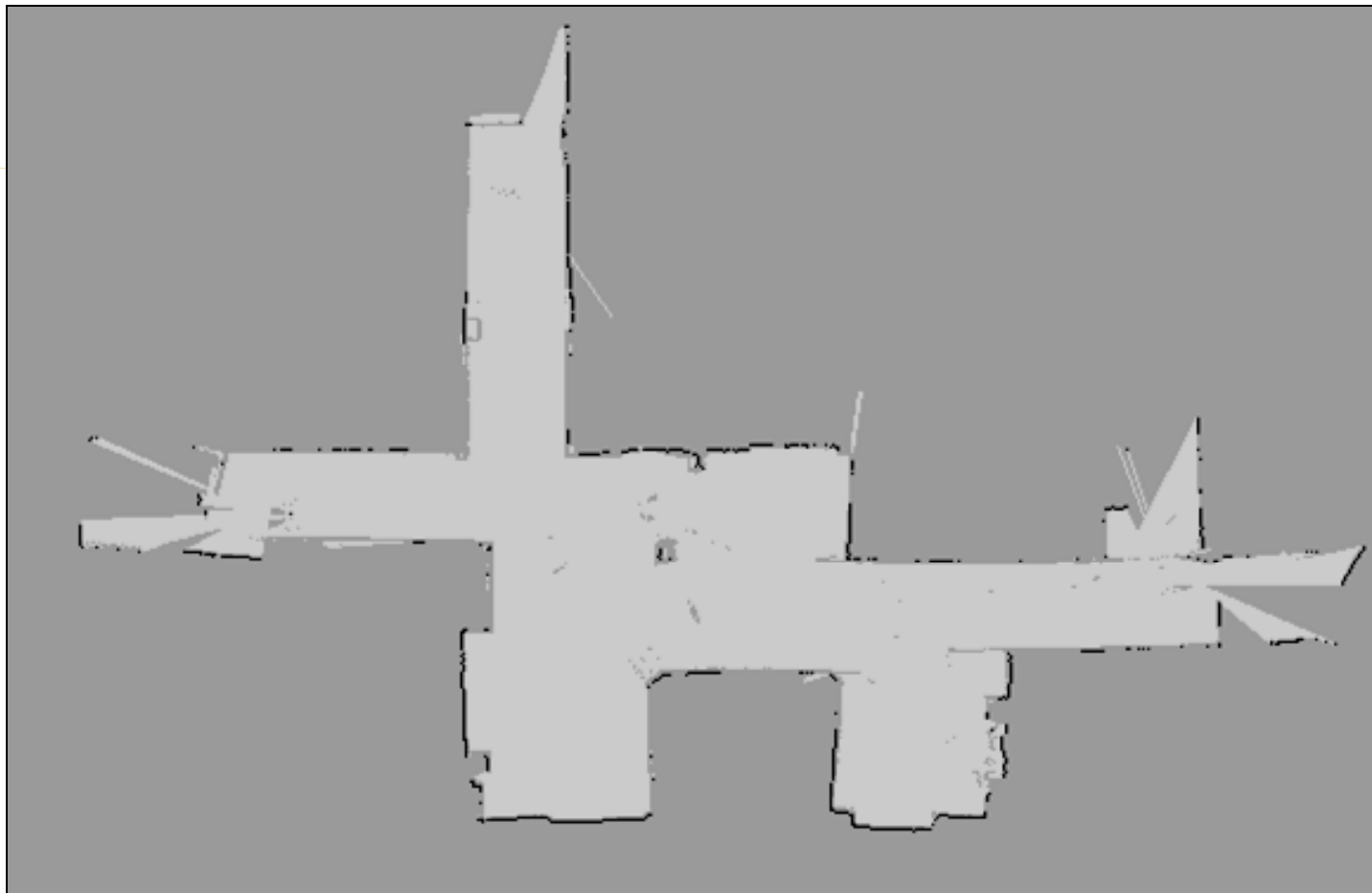


The KodLab Hallway



Maps from the EduBot

KodLab/Haptics Lab Hallway



Future Work

- Can be used with ROS Navigation Stack
 - Autonomous Navigation to desired pose
- Better physical stability to reduce G forces
 - E.g. in the desert
- ROS on EduBot
- GPS (only outdoors)



Source: KodLab Website (kodlab.seas.upenn.edu)

Acknowledgements

- Prof. Daniel E. Koditschek
- Dr. Galen Clark Haynes & Aaron Johnson
- Prof. Jan Van der Spiegel
- National Science Foundation



Battery Power

- Two 14.8V, 1320mAh batteries
- Still: 10W (0.68A)
- Walking: 30W (2.03A)
- Laser: 4.4W (0.37A)
- Without Laser
 - Walking: ~40 minutes
 - Still: ~120 minutes
- With Laser
 - Walking: ~33 minutes
 - Still: ~75 minutes